51

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# INTELLIGENCE MEMORANDUM

# QUARTERLY ESTIMATE OF THE PRODUCTION OF AIRCRAFT IN THE SINO-SOVIET BLOC OCTOBER-DECEMBER 1955

CIA/RR IM-421 10 February 1956

#### WARNING

THIS MATERIAL CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE LAWS, TITLE 18, USC, SECS. 793 AND 791, THE TRANSMISSION OR REVELATION OF WHICH IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW.

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#### FOREWORD

This publication is the third in a series to be issued on a quarterly basis summarizing production of aircraft in the Sino-Soviet Bloc. The estimates presented are intended to supersede those contained in previous CIA reports and are published to satisfy consumer requests for the most recent estimates of aircraft production in the Bloc. A new methodology has been employed to a limited extent in preparing the present estimates. The basis for the new methodology -- the production experience of the US aircraft industry since World War II -- contrasts with earlier methodologies utilizing the experiences of World War II as a basis for estimating aircraft production. Changes in the present estimates from past estimates have resulted both from the methodological innovation and from later information. No interagency coordination has been attempted, and no dissemination of this memorandum outside of CIA is planned.

- iii -

# S-E-C-R-E-T

# CONTENTS

		tage
2.	Trends in Production	1 2 3
	<u>Tables</u>	T.
1.	Estimated Production of Aircraft in the Sino-Soviet Bloc, by Number, 1953 through 1955	. <b>4</b>
2.	Estimated Production of Aircraft in the Sino-Soviet Bloc, by Weight, 1953 through 1955	5
3.	Estimated Cumulative Production of Selected Soviet Military Aircraft, through 1955	, 6
4.	Estimated Production of Aircraft in the USSR, by Number, 1953 through 1955	· 7
5.	Estimated Production of Aircraft in the USSR, by Weight, 1953 through 1955	28
6.	US Military Aircraft Acceptances, by Number, 1953 through 1955	9
7.	US Military Aircraft Acceptances, by Weight, 1953 through 1955	10
8.	Estimated Production of Aircraft in the European Satellites, by Number, 1953 through 1955	11
9.	Estimated Production of Aircraft in the European Satellites, by Weight, 1953 through 1955	12

- v -

S-E-C-R-E-T

## Charts

		Following Page
Titana 1	US and USSR: Production of Military	* - 1
Figure 1.	Aircraft, by Number, 1953 through	12
Figure 2.	US and USSR: Production of Military Aircraft, by Weight, 1953 through	12

- vi -

CIA/RR IM-421 (ORR Project 33.1001)

S-E-C-R-E-T

# QUARTERLY ESTIMATE OF THE PRODUCTION OF AIRCRAFT IN THE SINO-SOVIET BLOC OCTOBER-DECEMBER 1955\*

# 1. Trends in Production.

In the fourth quarter of 1955, estimated production of aircraft by the Sino-Soviet Bloc was almost the same as in the previous quarter.\*\* Approximately 50 percent of the aircraft produced during the fourth quarter are believed to have been combat types.\*\*\* Production of aircraft during 1955 is estimated to have declined by about 15 percent from production in 1954. The decline was principally in the production of fighter aircraft in the USSR, where production of the Fresco (MIG-17) is being replaced by production of later models.\*\*\*\* A second important reason for decline was a reduction in production of the Beagle (IL-28) caused by phasing 1 of the 4 Beagle production plants out of the program.

In contrast to the reduction in numbers of aircraft produced from 1954 to 1955, production of aircraft in terms of airframe weight increased slightly. This increase resulted from the trend toward greater weight in modern aircraft.

<sup>\*</sup> The estimates and conclusions contained in this memorandum represent the best judgment of ORR as of 1 January 1956.

\*\* Estimated production of aircraft in the Sino-Soviet Eloc from 1953 through 1955, by number, is given in Table 1, p. 4, below, and by airframe weight, in Table 2, p. 5, below.

\*\*\* For the purposes of this memorandum, combat types include bomber, fighter, and ground attack aircraft. Other aircraft such as helicopters and transports have uses under both combat and noncombat conditions.

\*\*\*\* Estimated cumulative production of selected Soviet military aircraft through 1955 is given in Table 3, p. 6, below.

S-E-C-R-E-T

#### 2. Soviet Production.

The USSR continues to produce most of the aircraft manufactured in the Sino-Soviet Bloc.\* Of the 2,187 aircraft estimated to have been produced in the fourth quarter of 1955, 1,913 aircraft, or about 87 percent, were produced in the USSR. On the basis of airframe weight, almost 95 percent of the total estimated production of aircraft in the Bloc took place in the USSR. The difference between the Soviet share of production on a weight basis as opposed to a unit basis is explained by the production of relatively lighter aircraft by the European Satellites. The Soviet share of total Bloc production of aircraft in 1955 in terms of both units and pounds was not significantly different from its share during the fourth quarter of 1955. About 90 percent of all Bloc production of combat aircraft is believed to have taken place in the USSR during 1955.

Recent in telligence information has resulted in three major changes in the previously published estimates of Soviet production of aircraft. The first of these changes is a reduction in the estimated production of the Bison because there have not been enough sightings of the Bison at the producing plant to support previous estimates. The present reduced estimates for production of the Bison are tentative because all Bison sightings to date may well be associated with developmental work on the aircraft rather than series production. A second change results from a sighting of possible Flashlights in the assembly area of a plant formerly listed as producing the Beagle. If Flashlights are in production at this plant, the total estimated production of the Beagle must be reduced. Finally, previous assumptions that the Flashlight was being produced at Saratov have had to be changed because of evidence of production of other new fighter aircraft at this facility. Intelligence information on the possible series production of the Bear turboprop heavy bomber has been scanty and unconvincing, although at least seven of these aircraft are known to have been built.

During 1955, production of purely military aircraft (bombers and fighters) in the US exceeded estimated production in the USSR by

- 2 -

<sup>\*</sup> Production of aircraft in the USSR from 1953 through 1955, by number, is given in Table 4, p. 7, below, and by airframe weight, in Table 5, p. 8, below.

S-E-C-R-E-T

about 10 percent. The trend toward greater production of military types in the US during the first 3 quarters of 1955, however, was reversed during the fourth quarter of 1955, when the USSR produced about 10 percent more military aircraft than the US.\*

## 3. Satellite Production.

In the fourth quarter of 1955 the European Satellites produced an estimated total of 274 aircraft, or about 13 percent of the total production of aircraft in the Sino-Soviet Bloc.\*\* There is still no indication that Communist China or the Asiatic Satellites are producing aircraft. Czechoslovakia is still the largest producer among the Satellites, accounting for an estimated 70 percent of the total Satellite production of aircraft, by number, during 1955. Because Poland's share of the total Satellite production in 1955 was roughly 25 percent, Czechoslovakia and Poland together are estimated to have accounted for virtually all of the Satellite production of aircraft in 1955.

Production of Fagot (MIG-15) jet fighters in Czechoslovakia is estimated to have declined from 23 to about 10 aircraft per month during the fourth quarter of 1955. It is believed that this decline is associated with the beginning of production of the Fresco at the Vodochody plant.

<sup>\*</sup> Production of military aircraft in the USSR and the US from 1953 through 1955 is compared, by number, in Figure 1, following p. 12, and by airframe weight, in Figure 2, following p. 12. For additional comparison, US military aircraft acceptances from 1953 through 1955, by number, are given in Table 6, p. 9, below, and by airframe weight, in Table 7, p. 10, below.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Estimated production of aircraft in the European Satellites from 1953 through 1955, by number, is given in Table 8, p. 11, below, and by airframe weight, in Table 9, p. 12, below.

S-E-C-R-E-T

Table 1

Estimated Production of Aircraft in the Sino-Soviet Bloc, by Number 1953 through 1955

							Units
					19	55	
Type of Aircraft	1953	1954	1955	lst Quarter	2d Quarter	3d Quarter	4th Quarter
Jet bomber	<u> </u>		-//-				
Heavy Medium Light	0 10 1,404	10 170 1,280	61 306 991	9 66 271	13 73 250	17 81 239	22 86 231
Piston bomber Medium	134	0	0	O	0	.0	0
Jet fighter Ground attack Transport Trainer	4,040 457 1,722	4,173 207 1,741	3,446 60 1,067	938 30 254	861 30 264	849 0 272	798 0 277
Jet Piston	<b>52</b> 2 877	1,157	1,344	336 284	336 291	336 291	336 292
Others a/	728	626	530	132	121	<b>1</b> 32	145
Total	9,894	10,441	8,963	2,320	2,239	2,217	2 <b>,1</b> 87

a. Helicopters, gliders, seaplanes, and utility aircraft.

- 4 -

S-E-C-R-E-T

Table 2

Estimated Production of Aircraft in the Sino-Soviet Bloc, by Weight 1953 through 1955

	, i ji		Tì	ousand Po	unds of I	lirframe V	Weight a/
			2 (4)	-	19	955	
Type of Aircraft	1953	1954	1955	1st Quarter	2d Quarter	3d Quarter	4th Quarter
Jet bomber						·	
Heavy Medium Light	0 508 25,601	1,118 8,629 23,280	6,818 15,534 18,022	1,006 3,351 4,928	1,453 3,706 4,547	1,900 4,112 4,346	2,459 4,365 4,201
Piston bomber							
Medium	6,963	0	0	0	0	. 0	0
Jet fighter Ground attack Transport Trainer	28,516 3,700 9,046	29,228 1,676 9,638	26,671 486 8,358	6,688 243 1,845	6,500 243 2,037	6,704 0 2,190	6,779 0 2,286
Jet Piston	3 <b>,</b> 214 907	8,663 1,353	9,860 1,756	2,465 424	2,465 444	2,465 443	2,465 445
Others b/	6 <b>,</b> 797	6,713	6,006	1,481	1,396	1,513	1,616
Total	85,252	<u>90,298</u>	93,511	22,431	22,791	23,673	24,616

a. These figures include production of spare parts.

- 5 -

b. Helicopters, gliders, seaplanes, and utility aircraft.

S-E-C-R-E-T

Table 3

# Estimated Cumulative Froduction of Selected Soviet Military Aircraft through 1955

		Units
	+ #	Estimated
Model	Type of Aircraft	Cumulative Production
Badger	Jet medium bomber	486
Beagle	Jet light bomber	6,008
Bison	Jet heavy bomber	71
Farmer	Jet fighter	183
Flashlight	Jet all-weather interceptor	212
Fresco	Jet fighter	8,766
Horse	Helicopter	16
Hound	Helicopter	532
New fighter	Probable jet fighter	61

-6-

S-E-C-R-E-T

Table 4
Estimated Production of Aircraft in the USSR, by Number 1953 through 1955

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Units			
				1955						
Type of Aircraft  Jet bomber	<u>1953</u>	1954	1955	lst Quarter	2d Quarter	3d Quarter	4th Quarter			
Heavy Medium Light Piston bomber	0 10 1,404	10 170 1,280	61 306 991	9 66 271	13 73 250	17 81 239	22 86 231			
Medium	134	0	0	0	0	0	. 0			
Jet fighter Transport Trainer	3,742 1,722	3,633 1,741	2,899 1,067	795 254	713 264	701 272	690 277			
Jet Piston	522 684	1,068 828	1,068 828	267 207	267 207	267 207	267 207			
Others <u>a</u> /	683	602	493	125	113	122	133			
Total	8,901	<u>9,332</u>	<u>7,713</u>	<u>1,994</u>	1,900	1,906	1,913			

a. Helicopters, gliders, and seaplanes.

- 7 -

S-E-C-R-E-T

Table 5

Estimated Production of Aircraft in the 1953 through 1955

USSR, by Weight

			The	Pounds of A	irframe W	eight a/			
					1955				
Type of Aircraft	1953	1954	1955	lst Quarte	2d r Quarter	3d Quarter	4th Quarter		
Jet bomber Heavy Medium Light	0 508 25,601	1,118 8,629 23,280	6,818 15,53 <sup>1</sup> 4 18,022	1,006 3,351 4,928	_ 3,706	3,706 4,112			
Piston bomber									
Medium	6 <b>,</b> 963	0	0	· (	0	0	0		
<b>J</b> et fighter Transport Trainer	26,719 9,046	25,790 9,638	23,371 8,358	5,82 1,84	5,607 2,037	5,811 2,190	6,128 2,286		
<b>J</b> et Piston	Jj=		8,092 992	2,02 24	2,023 8 248	2,023 248	2,023 248		
Others b/	6,742	6,696	5,958	1,47	5 1,389	1 <b>,</b> 503	1,601		
Total	79,491	84,342	87,155	20,70	21,010	22,133	23,311		

a. These figures include production of spare parts.

- 8 -

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b. Helicopters, gliders, and seaplanes.

Table 6
US Military Aircraft Acceptances, by Number 1953 through 1955

			<del></del>				Units		
				1955					
Type of Aircraft Bomber	1953	1954	<u>1955</u>	1st Quarter	2d Quarter	3d Quarter	4th Quarter		
Heavy Medium Light	63 647 464	28 767 966	34 530 786	5 161 211	6 146 234	10 117 182	13 106 159		
Fighter Transport Trainer Others <u>a</u> /	4,665 784 1,961 2,046	3,518 634 1,602 1,235	4,017 536 1,439 703	1,064 153 345 153	1,249 121 362 162	959 131 378 159	745 131 354 229		
Total	10,630	8 <b>,</b> 750	8,045	2,092	2,280	1,936	1,737		

a. Helicopters, flying boats, amphibians, and lighter-than-air.

S-E-C-R-E-T

Table 7
US M.litary Aircraft Acceptances, by Weight
1953 through 1955

Thousand Pounds of Airframe Weight 1955 2d3đ 4th lst Quarter Quarter Quarter Quarter 1954 1955 1953 Type of Aircraft Bomber 1,466 1,129 686 3**,**853 \$72 3,304 7,123 Heavy 5,834 5,150 37,296 26,376 8,019 7,373 30,034 Medium 2,155 1,845 2,292 2**,**466 4,621 8,758 9,627 Light 8,563 10**,**374 35,390 40,682 43,160 11,072 13,151 Fighter 6,426 4,551 4,949 4,771 20,697 550و 36 30,614 Transport 1,816 1,415 2,218 9,633 2,003 11,302 7,452 Trainer 1,000 1,138 956 1,305 7,819 4,831 4,399 Others b/ 24,526 27,079 114,695 31,535 130,695 31,555 138,131 Total

- 10 -

a. These figures do not include the production of spare parts.

b. Helicopters, flying boats, amphibians, and lighter-than-air.

S-E-C-R-E-T

Estimated Production of Aircraft in the European Satellites, by Number 1955

Table 8

Units		ı Ser	00000					
B		4th Quarter	80850	183	620	79	000	274
	1955	3d Quarter	60 662 4	220	62	8	000	311
	15	2d Quarter	9000 a	248	6 <u>7</u> .	21	099	339
		1st Quarter	988 697 1	240	477	7	000	326
		1955	236 60 276 306 13	891	31.1	311	0 tic	1,250
		1954	394 207 89 165 0	855	146 60	206	하 5 7 7 8	1,109
		1953	294 457 0 66 25	842	<b>4</b> 0	<b>⊅</b> 1	103 24 20	993
		Type of Aircraft	Jet fighter Ground attack Jet trainer Piston trainer Small transport	4	Jet fighter Piston trainer		Piston trainer Piston trainer Utility	·
		Country	Czechoslovakia	Total	Poland.	Total	Bulgaria Rumania Hungary	Grand total

1

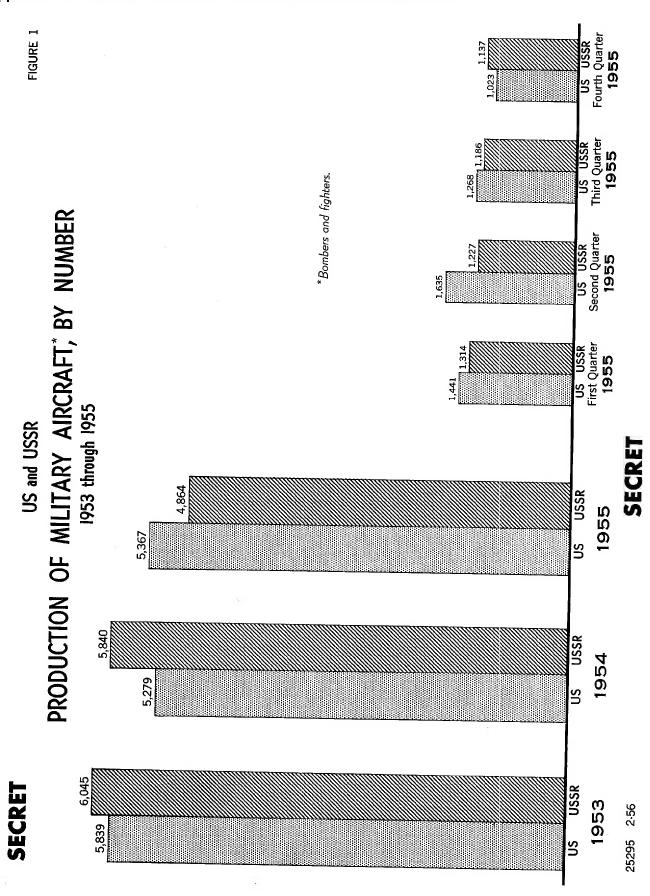
Table 9

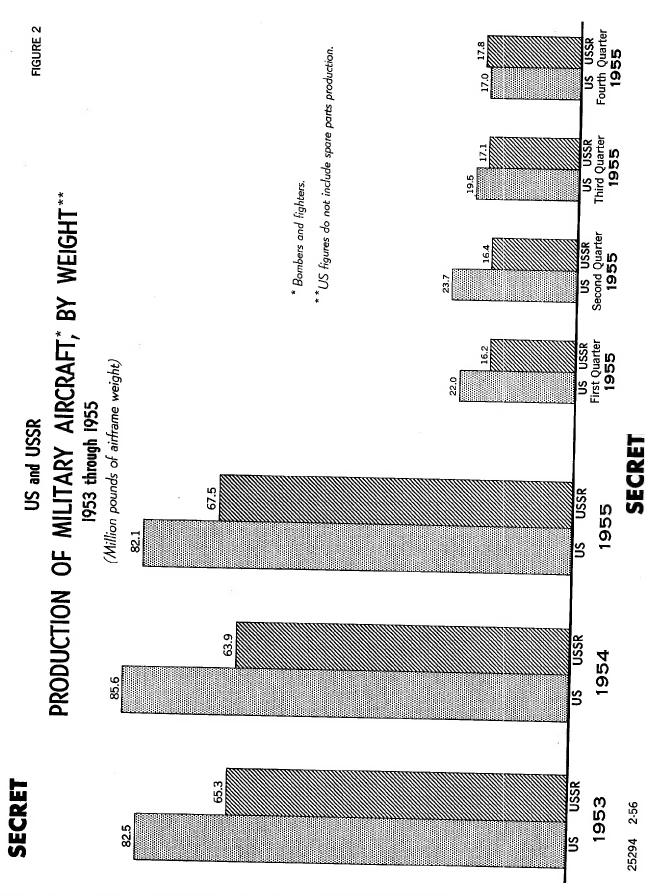
Estimated Production of Aircraft in the European Satellites, by Weight 1955

Thousand Pounds of Airframe Weight

													ı	
	4th	quarter	175	544 26.	101 101	818	476	0	91.4	C	200	יי	COC 6-1	
55	æ	Quarter	714 0	टम्प	0 9 9	1,055	476	0	924	C	Γ.	( 1	1,5740	÷
<u> </u>	2 <b>đ</b>	Quarter	417	247	190 3	1,295	1,76	O T	924	C	0,04	Ċ	1,781	
	lst	Quarter	41.7	142	171	1,275	7.1.6	0	911	•	たって		1,730	
		1955	1,426	1. 1. 1.	742	54464	Ī	1,8'(4 0	1,874		220	•	6,356	parts.
		1954	2,380	1,676 571	349	4,976		878 49	942		0 12 17 17 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	<u>-</u>	5,956	spare
		1953	1,775	3,700	72 1.1	5,588		g	22	1	31 21 41	i	5,761	stion of
	e ja	Type of Aircraft	.Tet. fighter	Ground attack	Jet trainer Piston trainer Small transport			Jet fighter Paton trainer			Piston trainer	በቴጌፒኒርን		res include production of
3		Name	177	CZECIIOSTO			TROOT.	Poland	- -	Total	Bulgaria Rumania	Hungary	Grand total	a. These figures

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7

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